## Nylon 12 GF Powder

For stiff, stable, functional parts.

A high-performance SLS material for in-house production of parts that require high rigidity, dimensional accuracy, and thermal stability.

Specifically developed for use on the Fuse 1.

Fixtures Undergoing Long-Term Sustained Loading

**Stiff Structural Components** 

Functional Prototypes for composite products

Thermally Stressed Housings

**End-Use Industrial Parts** 





FLP12B01

\* May not be available in all region

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To the best of our knowledge the information contained herein is accurate. However, Formlabs, Inc. makes no warranty, expressed or implied, regarding the accuracy of these results to be obtained from the use thereof.

	METRIC 1, 2	IMPERIAL 1, 2	METHOD
Mechanical Properties			
Ultimate Tensile Strength	38 MPa	5510 psi	ASTM D 638-14 Type 1
Tensile Modulus	2800 MPa	406 ksi	ASTM D 638-14 Type 1
Elongation at Break (X/Y)	4%	4%	ASTM D 638-14 Type 1
Elongation at Break (Z)	3%	3%	ASTM D 638-14 Type 1
Flexural Properties			
Flexural Strength	56 MPa	8122 psi	ASTM D 790-15
Flexural Modulus	2400 MPa	348 ksi	ASTM D 790-15
Impact Properties			
Notched IZOD	36 J/m	0.67 ft lb/in	ASTM D256-10
Thermal Properties			
Heat Deflection Temp. @ 1.8 MPa	113°C	235°F	ASTM D 648-16
Heat Deflection Temp. @ 0.45 MPa	170°C	338°F	ASTM D 648-16
Vicat Softening Temperature	175°C	347°F	ASTM D1525
Other Properties			
Moisture Content (powder)	0.23%	0.23%	ISO 15512 Method D
Water Absorption (printed part)	0.24%	0.24%	ASTM D570

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Material properties may

## SOLVENT COMPATIBILITY

Percent weight gain over 24 hours for a printed and post-cured 1 x 1 x 1 cm cube immersed in respective solvent:

Solvent	24 hr weight gain, %	Solvent	24 hr weight gain, %
Acetic Acid 5%	0.2	Mineral oil (Heavy)	1.0
Acetone	0.2	Mineral oil (Light)	1.3
Bleach ~5% NaOCl	0.2	Salt Water (3.5% NaCl)	0.2
Butyl Acetate	0.2	Skydrol 5	0.8
Diesel Fuel	0.6	Sodium Hydroxide solution (0.025% PH 10)	0.2
Diethyl glycol Monomethyl Ether	0.5	Strong Acid (HCl conc)	0.8
Hydraulic Oil	1.0	Tripropylene glycol monomethyl ether	0.8
Hydrogen peroxide (3%)	0.2	Water	0.1
Isooctane (aka gasoline)	0.0	Xylene	0.2
Isopropyl Alcohol	0.2		

Material properties may vary with part geometry, print orientation and temperature.

2 Parts were printed using Fuse 1, with Nylon 12 GF powder. Parts were conditioned at 50% relative humidity and 23 °C for relative humidity and 23 °C for 7 days before testing.